What can you do?

• Clean • Drain • Dry

your boat and all recreational gear.



Unwanted plants and animals can ruin your favorite recreation, fishing and boating waters, and foul irrigation and water conveyance infrastructure.

Report Aquatic Invasive Species
1-855-336-BOAT
(2628)

October 2013



For more information:

http://crownmanagers.org/ http://mywildalberta.com/

For other inquiries, please contact:

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Protecting Alberta's Irrigation Infrastructure

Quagga mussel growth on ABS pipe from Lake Mead, Arizona

13 billion

Eurasian Watermilfoil can rapidly grow into thick, dense mats that clog boat propellors and affect recreational activities



Invasive mussels pose a major threat to irrigation



Protect Alberta Waters

Aquatic Invasive species (AIS):

- · Are plant or animal species introduced from other areas that not only survive, but thrive in our environment, to the point that our native species, economy, or society becomes threatened.
- Imminent AIS threats to Alberta's waterways include:
 - Eurasian Watermilfoil (EWM)
 - Zebra Mussels
 - Quagga Mussels
- While not considered present in Alberta, invasive mussels and EWM are spreading, mainly on trailered watercraft among water bodies throughout much of North America, including western states and Manitoba. Prevention is the best strategy.



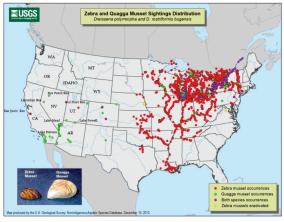
Eurasian Watermilfoil



Zebra mussels Quagga mussels



Actual size = 20 mm



2012 distribution of invasive mussels in North America

Implications of an infestation:

- Clog water infrastructure, including irrigation pipelines, pumps, screens, intakes, and other structures, resulting in reduced pumping capacity.
- Establishment in an irrigation reservoir would result in continuous downstream branched delivery to canals and pipelines.
- Once established, they are nearly impossible to eradicate and will become a permanent maintenance issue.

An infestation would be devastating to Alberta's irrigation industry, potentially compromising 8,000 km of canals and pipelines worth an estimated \$3.5 billion, reduce water conveyance to crops, and cost millions of dollars annually to manage

What is Alberta Agriculture and Rural Development (ARD) doing about the issue?

Partnering with several Irrigation Districts and other government agencies to:

Monitor mussel substrates

- These are cement-filled PVC pipes designed to attract juvenile and adult

mussels, and are installed at reservoirs with major boating activity.



Install signs at boat launches

- Large colorful signs will alert and educate boaters, anglers, and other recreational users about the threat of AIS and how to properly clean their boats and gear.

Monitor mussel larvae

- Veligers are larval mussels that can't be seen with the naked eye. Sampling for veligers will allow for early detection of an infestation, after which response becomes critical.
- Water samples are collected at reservoirs with major boating activity.